Ibis	Autumn 1 Dreams & Ambitions	Autumn 2 Journeys Through Time	Spring 1 Extreme Earth	Spring 2 Creatures Great and Small	Summer 1 Around the World	Summer 2 Express Yourself
	Romans	Stone Age	Rainforests (South America)	Endangered animals	India	Inspirational sports: Olympics
Focus	Write to Entertain	Write to Inform	Write to Entertain	Write to discuss	Write to Entertain	Write to Persuade
Suggested Texts	The Leopard in the Golden Cage by Julia Edwards  Escape from Pompeii by Christina Balit	Ug: Boy Genius of the Stone Age (comic style)  The Stolen Spear by Saviour Pirotta & Davide Ortu (Chapter book)  The Great Cave by Terry Deary  Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura (Picturebook) https://www.ks2history.com/stoneage-boy-literacy-planning  The First Drawing by Mordicai Gerstein (Picturebook)	The Explorer by Katherine Rundell (Amazon Rainforest)  The Vanishing Rainforest by Richard Platt  Boy Who Grew a Forest: The True Story of Jadav Payeng by Gholz, Sophia & Harren, Kayla  Rainforest Warrior by Anita Ganeri  My Name is River by Emma Rea  Where the Forest meets the sea	When the Mountains Roared by Jess Butterworth	When the Mountains Roared by Jess Butterworth	The Boy Who Biked the World: On the Road to Africa by Alistair Humphreys  Dream Big Deloris Jordan
Writing Outcomes	Description of a historical setting.	Writing a newspaper report  Non-Chronological Reports	Writing a short story with suspense in the dilemma	Diary Entries Writing a Film	Poetry  The story from the	Writing an advert Writing a formal letter

	Writing a descriptive opening  Letter Writing		Writing a playscript	Review	viewpoint of another character.	
	Letter writing					
Spelling	Words ending /ʒə  Learn Strategies for learning words: statutory and personal spelling lists possessive apostrophe with singular proper nouns  Homophones	statutory and personal spelling lists  Prefixes 'in-', 'il-', 'im-' and 'ir-'  Words with the /el/ sound spelt 'ei', 'eigh' or 'ey' Words with the /ʃ/ sound spelt 'ch' and the /n/ sound spelt 'ou'  Adding suffixes beginning with vowel letters to words of more than one syllable ('-ing', '-er', '-en', '-ed')	The /g/ sound spelt 'gu'  Words with endings sounding like /tʃə/ spelt '-ture'  Possessive apostrophe with plurals  Homophones  Error Analysis (teacher to do)	Prefixes 'anti-' and 'inter-'  Endings that sound like /ʃən/ spelt '-cian', '-sion', '-tion' and '-ssion'  words from statutory and personal spelling lists	Words with the /s/ sound spelt 'sc' (Latin in origin)  Endings that sound like /ʃən/ spelt 'sion'  Apostrophes for possession, including singular and plural  Homophones words from	Suffix '-ous'  Prefixes 'un-', 'dis-', 'in-', 're-', 'sub-', 'inter-', 'super-', 'anti-', 'auto-  Suffix '-ly' added to words ending in 'y', 'le' and 'ic
					statutory list that need further learning	
Text level features	Paragraphs to organise ideas into each story part  Develop hook to introduce and temp reader e,g. Who? What? Where? Why? When? How?	Use of present perfect instead of time past e.g. He has left his hat behind as opposed to He left his hat behind  Subheading to introduce	Build in suspense writing to introduce the dilemma  Use of paragraphs to organise in time sequence.  Develop understanding	Appropriate use of conjunctions  Link information within paragraphs with a range of conjunctions	Apostrophes for possession, including singular and plural Homophones Words from	Boastful language e.g. Magnificent! Unbelievable! Use of 2 <sup>nd</sup> person Facts and statistics
	Secure use of planning tools: story maps, story mountains, boxed up grids	section/paragraphs  Paragraphs to organise related ideas	of past, present, future tense	Use of paragraphs to organise in time sequence.	statutory list that need further learning	Adjectives for positive description  Develop hook to
	Detailed description	Subheadings to label content  Secure us of planning tools: text map,	Secure use of planning tools: text map, boxed up grid	Ending should include reflection	Clear distinction between	introduce and temp reader e,g. Who? What? Where? Why?

	Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun across sentences to aid cohesion	boxed up grid  Ending could include personal opinion, response, extra information, reminders, question, warning, encouragement to the reader  Maintain impersonal tone	Ending should include reflection on events and or characters	on events and or characters  Use of the perfect form of verbs to mark relationships of time and cause e.g I have written it down so I can check what it said  Boastful language e.g. Magnificent! Unbelievable!  Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun across sentences to aid cohesion	resolution and ending.	When? How?  Subheading to introduce section/paragraphs  Paragraphs which group related information  Use bullet point and diagrams - use colour for advertising.  Ending could include personal opinion, response, extra information, reminders, question, warning, encouragement to the
Sentence level features (including grammar and punctuation)	Adverb starters e.g. Carefully, Adverbial Phrases (Fronted Adverbials) e.g. A few days ago, we discovered a hidden box Dialogue – powerful speech verbs e.g. whispered	Sentence of 3 for description e.g. Rainbow dragons are covered with many different coloured scales, have enormous red eyes and swim on the surface of the water  Prepositional phrases to place the action e.g. on the mat, behind the tree, in the air Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun	Starting sentences with a simile e.g. Like a wailing cat, the ambulance screamed down the road  The grammatical difference between plural and possessives  Ellipsis to keep the reader hanging on  Use figurative language	Apostrophes to mark singular and plural possession  Use adverbials to provide cohesion across the text e.g. Despite its flaws On the other hand  Develop complex sentences. Main	Starting sentences with a simile e.g. Like a wailing cat, the ambulance screamed down the road  Expanded 'ing' clauses as starters e.g. Grinning menacingly, he slipped the treasure into his	Imperative verbs to convey urgency e.g. Buy it today! Rhetorical questions to engage the reader Noun phrases to add detail and description e.g. Our fantastic hotel has amazing facilities for everyone!

Spoken	Long sentences to enhance description or information  Short sentences to move events on quickly  Secure use of embellished simple sentences  -ed clauses as starters e.g. Frightened, Tom ran straight home to avoid being caught  Sentence of 3 for action e.g. Sam rushed down the road, jumped on the bus and sank into his seat  Commas to mark clauses and fronted adverbials  Full punctuation for direct speech  Use figurative language (Metaphors, personification, onomatopoeia) to create interesting settings and characters	across sentences to aid cohesion  Using techniques to highlight key words (bold, underline etc)  Sentence of 3 for description e.g. Rainbow dragons are covered with many different coloured scales, have enormous red eyes and swim on the surface of the water  Standard English for Verb Inflections instead of local spoken forms  Secure use of compound sentences using coordinating conjunctions  Full punctuation for direct speech  Proper nouns  Commas to mark clauses and fronted adverbials	(Metaphors, personification, onomatopoeia) to create interesting settings and characters  Expanded 'ing' clauses as starters e.g. Grinning menacingly, he slipped the treasure into his rucksack  Drop in 'ing' clauses e.g. Jane, laughing at the teacher, fell off her chair  Dialogue – verb + adverb e.g. "Hello," she whispered, shyly.  Commas to mark clauses and fronted adverbials  Full punctuation for direct speech	and subordinate clauses with a range of subordinating conjunctions  Develop expanded noun phrases  Use of determiners — a or an  Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun to avoid ambiguity and repetition.  Conditionals e.g. could, should, would  Comparative and superlative e.g. small, smaller, smallest  Use of semi-colons to mark related clauses e.g some argue; others say  Articulate and	rucsac  Drop in 'ing' clauses e.g. Jane, laughing at the teacher, fell off her chair  Dialogue – verb + adverb e.g. "Hello," she whispered, shyly.  Commas to mark clauses and fronted adverbials  Full punctuation for direct speech  The grammatical difference between plural and possessive s  Use figurative language (Metaphors, personification, onomatopoeia) to create interesting settings and characters	Relative clauses to provide additional enticement e.g. Our hotel which has 3 swimming pools, overlooks a beautiful beach  Pattern of 3 for persuasion e.g. Visit, swim, enjoy!  Colon before a list  Standard English for Verb Inflections instead of local spoken forms  Planned repetition to persuade e,g Find us to find the fun  Conditionals e.g. could, should, would  Comparative and superlative e.g. small, smaller, smallest  Use commas to make fronted adverbials and subordinate clauses e.g. After your visit, you won't want to leave!  Maintain attention and
Language	descriptions and narratives for different purposes.	understanding and knowledge.  Give well-structured explanations for	descriptions and narratives for different purposes, including	justify answers, arguments and opinions.	language to develop	participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying

	Use relevant strategies to build vocabulary.  Use spoken language to develop understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.	different purposes.  Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions.	expressing feelings.  Use relevant strategies to build vocabulary.  Use spoken language to develop understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.  Speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English.	Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates.  Listen and respond appropriately to adults and peers.  Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments.  Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions.	understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.  Give well- structured descriptions and narratives for different purposes, including expressing feelings.	on topic and initiating and responding to comments.  Articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions.  Participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates.
Reading	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text  Drawing inferences on characters' feelings	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text  Identifying the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising  Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Discussing their understanding of words and explaining the meaning of words in context	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text	Discussing words and phrases that capture the readers' interest and imagination  Asking questions to improve their understanding of a text  Identifying how language, structure and

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thoughts and motives from	Asking questions to	Identifying how	Identifying how	presentation contribute
their actions, and justifying	improve their	language, structure	language, structure	to meaning
inferences with evidence.	understanding of a text	and presentation	and presentation	
		contribute to	contribute to	Discussing their
Predicting what might	Drawing inferences on	meaning	meaning	understanding of words
happen next from details	characters' feelings	J	,	and explaining the
stated and implied	thoughts and motives	Identifying the	Discussing their	meaning of words in
stated and implied	from their actions, and		understanding of	context
	justifying inferences with	main ideas drawn	words and	Context
		from more than		
	evidence.	one paragraph and	explaining the	
		summarising	meaning of words	
	Preparing playscripts to		in context	
	read aloud and perform			
	showing understanding		Predicting what	
	through intonation, tone,		might happen next	
	volume and action		from details stated	
			and implied	
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			Preparing poems	
			to read aloud and	
			perform showing	
			understanding	
			_	
			through	
			intonation,	

Recapped Y3 objectives